### लोक सेवा आयोग

नेपाल कृषि सेवा, एगृ एक्सटेन्सन, हर्टिकल्चर, एग्रोनोमी, प्लान्ट प्रोटेक्सन, एगृ. इको. एण्ड मार्केटिङ्ग र स्वायल साइन्स समूहका, राजपत्राङ्गित तृतीय श्रेणीका पदहरुको खुला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

पाठ्यक्रमको रुपरेखा :- यस पाठ्यक्रमको आधारमा निम्नान्सार दुई चरणमा परीक्षा लिइने छ :

प्रथम चरण :- लिखित परीक्षा पूर्णाङ्क :- २०० द्वितीय चरण :- अन्तर्वार्ता पर्णाङ्क :- ४०

प्रथम चरण – लिखित परीक्षा योजना (Examination Scheme)

पत्र	विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	उत्तीर्णाङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली	प्रश्न संख्या xअङ्गभार	समय
प्रथम	कृषि विज्ञान	900	४०	वस्तुगत  बहुवैकल्पिक (Multiple Choice)	000 = PX00	१घण्टा १५ मिनेट
द्वितीय	समूहसँग सम्वन्धित विषय	900	४०	विषयगत (Subjective)	90x90 = 900	३ घण्टा

# द्वितीय चरण

विषय	पूर्णाङ्ग	परीक्षा प्रणाली	समय
सामूहिक परीक्षण (Group Test)	90	सामूहिक छलफल (Group Discussion)	३० मिनेट
व्यक्तिगत अन्तर्वार्ता	9	मौखिक	-

- लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम भाषा नेपाली वा अंग्रेजी अथवा नेपाली र अंग्रेजी द्वै हुन सक्नेछ ।
- २. पाठ्यक्रमको प्रथम र द्वितीय पत्रको विषयवस्त् फरक फरक हुनेछन ।
- ३. माथि उल्लिखित समूहको पाठ्यक्रमको प्रथम पत्रको विषयवस्तु एउटै हुनेछ । द्वितीय पत्रका विषयवस्तु समुह अनुसार फरक फरक हुनेछन् ।
- ४. प्रथम र द्वितीय पत्रको लिखित परीक्षा छुट्टाछुट्टै हुनेछ ।
- ४. प्रथम पत्रका पाठ्यक्रमका एकाईहरुबाट सोधिने प्रश्नहरुको संख्या निम्नानुसार हुनेछ । द्वितीय पत्रको पाठ्यक्रमका एकाईहरुबाट सोधिने प्रश्नहरुको संख्या द्वितीय पत्रको पाठ्यक्रम उल्लेख भए अनुसार हुनेछ ।

प्रथम पत्रका एकाई	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
प्रश्न संख्या	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	50

- ६. वस्तुगत बहुवैकिल्पिक (Multiple Choice) प्रश्नहरुको गलत उत्तर दिएमा प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर बापत २० प्रतिशत अङ्ग कट्टा गरिनेछ । तर उत्तर निदएमा त्यस बापत अङ्ग दिइने छैन र अङ्ग कट्टा पिन गरिने छैन ।
- ७. बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्नहरु हुने परीक्षामा कुनै प्रकारको क्याल्कुलेटर (Calculator) प्रयोग गर्न पाइने छैन ।
- ८. विषयगत प्रश्नका लागि तोकिएका १० अङ्कका प्रश्नहरुको हकमा १० अङ्कको एउटा लामो प्रश्न वा एउटै प्रश्नका दुई वा दुई भन्दा बढी भाग (Two or more parts of a single question) वा एउटा प्रश्न अन्तर्गत दुई वा बढी टिप्पणीहरु (Short notes) सोध्न सिकने छ।
- ९. द्वितीय पत्रमा प्रत्येक खण्डका लागि छुट्टाछुट्टै उत्तरपुस्तिकाहरु हुनेछन् । परिक्षार्थीले प्रत्येक खण्डका प्रश्नहरुको उत्तर सोही खण्डको उत्तरपुस्तिकामा लेख्नुपर्नेछ ।
- १०. यस पाठ्यक्रम योजना अन्तर्गतका पत्र / विषयका विषयवस्तुमा जेसुकै लेखिएको भए तापिन पाठ्यक्रममा परेका कानून, ऐन, नियम तथा नीतिहरु परीक्षाको मिति भन्दा ३ मिहना अगािड (संशोधन भएका वा संशोधन भई हटाईएका वा थप गरी संशोधन भई) कायम रहेकालाई यस पाठ्कममा परेको सम्भन् पर्दछ ।
- ११. यस भन्दा अगांडि लागू भएको माथि उल्लिखित समूहको पाठ्यक्रम खारेज गरिएको छ।
- १२. पाठ्यक्रम लागू मिति :- २०६२/२/२३ देखि (**२०७२/०७/२४ को निर्णय अनुसार सामूहिक परीक्षण समावेश**)

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# प्रथम पत्र:- कृषि विज्ञान

1.	HISTORICAL BACK	GROUND OF AGRI	ICULTURE IN NEPAL	5%

1.1 Past and present agriculture organizations, national, regional, district level agricultural organizations.

Green revolution, agriculture production status, land management and distribution system.

### 2. CURRENT PLAN

5%

- 2.1 Plan-concept, goals, target and strategies
- 2.2 The poverty situation
- 2.3 Medium-term expenditure framework (MTEF), implementation, monitoring and evaluation of development projects
- 2.4 Agriculture Decade (10th & 11th five year plan)
- 2.5 Characteristics and features of a good governance

### 3. NATIONAL AGRICULTURE POLICY 2061

5%

- 3.1 Background, goals and objectives, policies. Agriculture productivity and production
  - 3.2.1. Agricultural productivity & Production
  - 3.2.2. Development of commercial and competitive agriculture system
  - 3.2.3. Monitoring and evaluation arrangement of national agriculture policy, public private partnership

# 4. SUB-SECTOR STRATEGIES (GENERAL)

5%

- 4.1. Agriculture sector in five year plan
- 4.2. Decentralization
- 4.3. National Agricultural Research system (NARS) and vision

# 5. AGRICULTURE RESEARCH, EXTENSION AND EDUCATION

**5%** 

- 5.1. Major functions of agriculture research, extension & education in Nepal
- 5.2. Linkage and coordination
- **5.3.** Public, private, NGOs, CDOs, farmer groups involvement in agriculture research, extension and education
- 5.4. Participatory technology development, participatory planning, monitoring, evaluation and feedback

# 6. AGRICULTURAL PERSPECTIVE PLAN (APP), PRIORITIES AND STRATEGIES

5%

- 6.1. Background, major focuses/thrusts, implementation process and status, constraint, monitoring and evaluation, APP-SP (Support program)
- 6.2. High value commodities, post-harvest, value addition and marketing

### 7. AGRICULTURAL LEGISLATION

**5%** 

7.1. Agriculture legislation, their objectives and justification

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### 8. WTO/REGIONAL TRADE/SAFTA

5%

- 8.1. World Trade Organization (WTO), South Asia free trade agreement (SAFTA), effects, implication and strategies of WTO in Nepalese agriculture
- 8.2. Comparative advantages of Nepalese agriculture
- **8.3.** Comparativeness, agriculture commercialization, trade (import & export of agriculture products), impact of green economic policy on agriculture agroindustries
- 8.4. Implication of sanitary & Phyto-sanitory (SPS) Agreement in Nepalese agriculture trade, consumers interest and environment, Harmonization of quarantine standards

# 9. NATURAL RESOURCE & ENVIRONMENT CONSERVATION, POPULATION AND DENSITY 5%

- 9.1. Soil water resources, natural resources conservation, promotion and utilization
- 9.2. Use of fertilizers, pesticides (chemicals) and their implications
- 9.3. Food safety, recent trends of crop production integrated pest, crop, and plant nutrient (IPM, ICM, IPNM), bio-diversity and agro-biodiversity, conservation and utilization
- 9.4. Environmental issues and sustainability
- 9.5. Organic agriculture and organic products
- 9.6. Land use planning
- 9.7. Population census, 2012
- 9.8. Population and implication on agriculture, development, education, environment, health
- 9.9. Agricultural census, 2011
- 9.10. Gender issues and woman empowerment

# 10. CLIMATE CHANGE/DISASTER MANAGEMENT

5%

- 10.1. General climatic conditions of Nepal
- 10.2. Climate change and its implication in agriculture
- 10.3. Agricultural strategies for climate change (development of varieties, breeds, species, management)
- 10.4. Global warming, disaster (landslide, drought, flood, cold spell, earthquake, pest outbreak) and their mitigation
- 10.5. Importance of temperature, rainfall, wind pressure, solar radiation, evapotranspiration, relative humidity etc.
- 10.6. Weather observation and instruments use in Nepal
- 10.7. Satellite use and remote sensing

### 11. AGRICULTURAL TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT

**50%** 

- **11.1.** Importance of agricultural weeds in crop production and its control measures
- 11.2. Principles and practices of seed, production, quality testing, processing, handling and storage, and concept and principles of variety release and crop production in Nepal
- 11.3. Scope of plant genetic resources in sustainable agriculture development of Nepal
- 11.4. Importance and principles of disease and pests, pesticides management and integrated pest management

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- 11.5. Roles of pollinators in agricultural crop
- 11.6. Industrial importance if insects microorganism, fungus, bacteria, and Nematodes in plant protection
- 11.7. Principles and importance, scope and potentiality of horticulture in Nepal
- 11.8. Importance of horticulture and cash crop in crop diversification and commercialization of agriculture in Nepal
- 11.9. Horticultural crops of agro-forestry and environmental protection
- 11.10. Strategies of commercialization of high value commodities
- 11.11. Plant nutrients and environment, use and misuse of fertilizer
- 11.12. Concept of soil fertility and productivity, essential plant nutrients
- 11.13. Soil organic matter microorganism and its importance in sustainable soil management
- 11.14. Soil reaction, (pH) and liming, major fertilizers and their nutrient contents
- 11.15. Concept of integrated plant nutrient systems (IPNS) and their significance
- 11.16. Historical perspective of agricultural extension Development in Nepal, Role of Modern concept and principles in agricultural extension in Nepalese agricultural and rural development, extension system approaches
- 11.17. Role of information and communication in agriculture development
- 11.18. Recent status, constraint in program implementation, monitoring and evaluation of APP efforts and policies
- 11.19. Farm management study in Nepal and its content
- 11.20. Statistical information of Nepalese Agriculture, contents in it
- 11.21. Linkage of agro-industries with agri- marketing infrastructure
- 11.22. Comparative and competitive advantage seeking behaviour in agriculture
- 11.23. Nepalese Agro-industries, Characters and factors of their sustainability
- 11.24. Economic viewpoints of cooperative development strategy for agricultural production, growth and commercialization
- 11.25. Agricultural Gross Domestic Product and shares by sub-sector in recent years

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### वस्तुगत बहुउत्तर नमूना प्रश्नहरु (Sample Questions)

1.	The agricultural y (A) 2030/31	vear in Nepal was celeb (B) 2028/29	orated in (C) 2032/33	(D) 2036/37
2.	Which type of so: (A) Sandy	il is most preferable fo (B) Loam	r the cultivation of crops (C) Sandy loam	(D) None
3.	Drift is most influ (A) Pressure of th (C) Droplet size a	ne pump	<ul><li>(B) Selectivity of th</li><li>(D) Inversion layer</li></ul>	